Name of Study Area: Urban

Data type: IDI with Household

Length of the interview/discussion: 46:48 min.

ID: IDI\_AMR304\_HH\_U\_18 July 17

Demographic information:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Gender | Age | Education | Healthcare decision maker or caregiver | Income | Ages and gender of children living in HH | Ages and gender of older adults living in HH | Ethnicity | Family Members |
| Female | 33 | Class-IX | Caregiver | 15,000 BDT | 1 Year-Female | NO | Bangali | Total=3; Child-1, Wife (Res.), Husband. |

Interviewer: How are you?

Respondent: I am fine.

Interviewer: My name is [ ], I came from Cholera Hospital, and we are conducting a research work on the use of antibiotic. Can you tell me what your occupation is?

Respondent: My occupation is housewife.

Interviewer: Hmm, how many people do you live in this family?

Respondent: In one family we are living three people and besides our room there have two people.

Interviewer: Oh, how many people are eating with you?

Respondent: Three people, I have a daughter, myself and my husband.

Interviewer: Can you tell me any other people have lived with you in this house?

Respondent: No, no one but besides my room there have.

Interviewer: Are they different family?

Respondent: They are different family.

Interviewer: Ok. But do you have any guests who stay at night with your family in this room?

Respondent: We live here only this three people.

Interviewer: Ok. Suppose do they come here sometimes?

Respondent: Sometimes my relatives have come from my hometown. My sister-in-law and my mother-in-law come here sometimes and also stay with us for some days.

Interviewer: Ok, they stay for some days.

Respondent: Hmm

Interviewer: Who is the income person in your family?

Respondent: In my family the main income person is my husband, he is the only income related person. We are separated from my father-in-law and mother-in-law and he is doing work.

Interviewer: Ok. Your husband only doing income in your family and what types of work he does?

Respondent: He is a Marin Engineer I mean generator mystery.

Interviewer: Marin Engineer?

Respondent: Yes, generator mystery.

Interviewer: Ok, who does generator repair work, like that?

Respondent: Hmm, repair work.

Interviewer: Hmm, hmm, how much his income? How does he get his payment? Is it monthly or other?

Respondent: His income level is good in summer and it’s not much in winter and it’s like he almost don’t get any.

Interviewer: Ok. Now can you tell me how much his monthly income, approximately?

Respondent: Monthly it could be…it is actually depend on contract, big contracts like 10 to 20 thousand and small contracts like 5 to 7 thousand taka. So, it’s only covering our household expense and rental fee.

Interviewer: Can you please count your monthly income? How much it is?

Respondent: You see apu, he is doing income and he doesn’t show me his whole income, what I known is only what we expend in our household work. I only see 10 or 20 thousand taka in his hand no more than those.

Interviewer: Ok, then how much his monthly income could be?

Respondent: It would be 10/15 thousand, it is 15 thousand taka.

Interviewer: Hmm, it is 15 thousand taka. You said a while ago it is a rental house then how much you have to pay?

Respondent: This room is smaller than besides room so, we only have to pay only 4,500 taka.

Interviewer: Ok, how much for another purpose?

Respondent: Including all others we have to pay 4,500 taka, maybe we have to pay 100 or 200 taka more but not 5000 taka.

Interviewer: Ok, I saw you have only one kitchen and one bathroom?

Respondent: Hmm, we have only one but we have two stoves.

Interviewer: Then do you share kitchen and bathroom, both?

Respondent: Hmm, both.

Interviewer: What do you have into your house?

Respondent: I don’t have anything into this room.

Interviewer: I am seeing you have a freeze and a TV.

Respondent: For bedbug what I have I throw out those.

Interviewer: Ok, ok

Respondent: I have to organize again.

Interviewer: Hmm, hmm, now can you tell me how you all are?

Respondent: Recently I am sick, I have diabetes problem since 3 years. After one year I conceived my daughter, during that time I pushed injection and now my daughter is one year old and still now I am pushing injection. I have an instruction from doctor that I have to push injection till my daughter’s breastfeeding time. When she will stop breast feeding then I will have to stop pushing injection then have to take medicine.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: So now I feel bad for this diabetes, such as- feel bad, burn my hands and feet, that’s why I am not well. Now I am feeling good and one week later I’ll feel bad.

-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------5:12

Interviewer: Ok, ok, now are you feeling well?

Respondent: Now I am little bit well which is not also well. Some days ago I broke my hand and it was worse but yesterday I opened my bandage and now I am fine.

Interviewer: And how are they your husband and your daughter?

Respondent: My husband is now well and he doesn’t have any illness.

Interviewer: Ok, doesn’t have any illness.

Respondent: My daughter suffers with fever then I give Napa medicine and she gets well.

Interviewer: Now how is she?

Respondent: Now she is well.

Interviewer: Your daughter is well.

Respondent: Some days ago she suffered with fever maybe one day ago of Eid day.

Interviewer: Now does she take medicine?

Respondent: Now she is not taking medicine.

Interviewer: Can you tell me, how do you know when these three family members are being sick? When you all are working your daily works how do you know when your daughter become sick or your husband become sick?

Respondent: When my health become sick I can understand that, such as- I am going into a situation and I understand my health condition is not well than previous condition. Then for my daughter when I see she was well at night but in the morning her body becomes hot, her forehead also becomes hot then I understand she is suffering with fever. After that I pour water on her head and give medicine.

Interviewer: Ok, you understand your daughter’s health condition now can you tell me about your husband’s health condition?

Respondent: My husband is well, if he becomes sick then he takes medicine by own and he suffers with headache then he takes tablet by own; now he is well.

Interviewer: When someone becomes sick then where do you go?

Respondent: When my daughter becomes sick at first I go to the hospital, I talk with duty doctors. If they give me prescription then I give those medicines and if then she doesn’t become well then I consult with private doctor after getting advice from previous doctor.

Interviewer: Ok, for your daughter.

Respondent: For my diabetes I go to different diabetes doctor, after consulting with him I take medicine.

Interviewer: Ok at any time when your daughter becomes sick suppose she has fever then what do you do? Where do you go?

Respondent: Then I go to hospital.

Interviewer: Which hospital?

Respondent: Here, Tongi station road.

Interviewer: I saw a government hospital there.

Respondent: Hmm, I go to there, that government hospital.

Interviewer: In which time you go to that hospital?

Respondent: I give medicine after consulting with them (doctor).

Interviewer: Ok, do you go to another place also?

Respondent: No, I don’t go to another place. When I saw my daughter is not getting well then I consult with those sirs and madams (govt. doctors) then go to good private doctor and bring medicine. Those private doctors also give same medicine as sirs and madams (govt. doctors).

Interviewer: Is that means you directly go to the government hospital for any types of sickness?

Respondent: I always take medicine after consulting with doctor.

Interviewer: This is for your daughter. Now can you tell me about yourself? When you become sick or in the primary stages of you illness where do you go at the very beginning?

Respondent: Usually I have fever because of my diabetes so, sometimes I suffer with fever and my fever nature is- it increase at the evening and become high fever at night then I only take plane Napa. I usually test my blood after 15 days interval. I tested my diabetes or blood nearby this place, I can’t remember the name but it was this side of the road and my husband know that place. Now I am going to the place where write only Badhon (name of a place) and they only treat diabetes not other patients. Now I test my blood before taking meal and after taking meal then they instruct me how much I have to take insulin and I always follow their instruction. They only give me plane Napa no other medicines and give me advice to walk everyday as exercise but for my daughter I can’t do exercise properly. My husband gets up early in the morning, I have to make breakfast and my daughter cries so that I can’t go for exercise.

Interviewer: Ok, you husband? Where he goes when he gets ill small or big?

Respondent: Then he gets major sickness he goes to our hometown at Naogaon district where have some private doctors.

Interviewer: Why there?

Respondent: Yes he goes to there and he only takes Napa when he has fever and moreover, he doesn’t have to go to the doctor place because he usually doesn’t get sick.

Interviewer: Ok, you said you used to go to the government hospital for your daughter and if illness gets serious then go to the private doctor. Then can you tell me who take that decision in your family?

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------10:14

Respondent: In our family sometimes I make the decision or sometimes it would be taken by my husband.

Interviewer: Who take most of the decision?

Respondent: My husband makes the most of decision.

Interviewer: Ok, then he makes the decision. Who makes the decision for going to your recent diabetes doctor?

Respondent: At first I don’t know I have diabetes. I said you before I have this since three years. Suddenly in the Ramadan month I feel very bad, my whole body feels burnt with showing many problems like- blurred eyes, thirsty feel, frequently urination occurs then I told my husband about my problems and told him that I think I have some problems inside my body. He said we can’t say but doctor can tell. Then we went to a private doctor, and he gave blood test and two other different tests. I did those tests at my home town (Naogaon district) and those reports shown to the doctor then doctor said to my husband that your wife has diabetes since long time you maybe didn’t understand. That doctor also said that you have to talk with diabetes doctor we can’t do anything. That doctor referred us to this address and we again showed reports to this doctor then doctor said to us that I have to maintain some rules, have to control my food habit, have to walk as exercise and he also gave us a book and said you have to read this book and took your medicine you will be feel good. It is like you can control, this is all in your hand, and we can’t do anything. Doctor gave advice like that; then after heard him I feel really bad because I have to control my food habit and I really like to eat rice more. (Laughing)

Interviewer: Hmm, hmm

Respondent: I don’t like to eat different fruits in the evening but I eat rice little bit more and from my childhood I am fatty.

Interviewer: Ok.

Respondent: My father had diabetes maybe that’s why I have now. I brought that book and some medicines and I spend one year like this then I conceived my daughter.

Interviewer: Ok, ok.

Respondent: Then I didn’t think I have to consult with doctor again. I think maybe it didn’t happen anything. When my daughter was four months in my womb then I didn’t consult with doctor. After that my husband said, maybe we had to consult with doctor because you have diabetes. Then I thought that matter and went to “A” hospital and saw D25, she said we can’t say anything because you conceived I gave you some medicines and you should took this regularly and you should consult with your diabetes doctor, we can’t give you any advice. After taking those medicines I felt very bad maybe those medicines didn’t suite my body.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: Then I stopped taking those medicines for some days and went to the diabetes centre and said, I have conceived since four months and I have also diabetes what I have to now? Then doctor said you have to push injection and those medicines have to stop otherwise that would be harmful for your child; you have had already four months which is bed for your child position. What they mean is- diabetes patients can’t take medicines during pregnancy. You have to come here before. Then I stopped taking medicines and I had taken medicine for diabetes is called Diapron; during that time I am taking injection.

Interviewer: That means you went there according to your husband decision.

Respondent: Hmm, hmm

Interviewer: You went to many doctors because you are a diabetes patient and for your daughter you have to go also; when you those doctors wrote prescription where doctors wrote medicines then how do you bring medicine can you tell me that?

----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------15:08

Respondent: Do you mean how do I bring prescription is it?

Interviewer: In the prescription you may find 3 or 4 types of medicines how do you brought those medicines? I mean who make the decision?

Respondent: Decision, you know the Allah is the owner for getting well in all above and here is the human; we all know one thing that the Allah is the owner for all creation. But that sir (doctor) wrote medicines for us so we bought all medicine from the pharmacy.

Interviewer: Ok, what I am saying is- suppose doctor gives you three types of medicines….

Respondent: You know for cold doctor gives one medicine, for fever gives one medicine and for cough gives another one so he gives three different medicines. When we get cough then gives a cough medicine but before that asked do I have cough. For fever gives only fever medicine may be Napa or Ace, I bring those medicines and gives and gets well. And the owner for being well is the Allah.

Interviewer: Ok, can you tell me… (taking with child)…what I am saying- how much medicine do you bring? Do you bring all medicine what doctor prescribes you or you may not, who make this decision? How do you bring medicine I want to know that?

Respondent: Madam (doctor) writes medicine and we both bring those medicines and bring taking rules in written or heard how to take those medicines. She also writes; besides I also write on the packet and gives medicines.

Interviewer: That means…

Respondent: My husband don’t stay at home because he goes to his work and come back home at night, during that time I have to give medicine that’s why I have write.

Interviewer: Ok, where do you write?

Respondent: I write on the medicine.

Interviewer: Do you write it when you back home or you write it from there?

Respondent: I do both thing write from there and also write it here seeing prescription.

Interviewer: Ok ok

Respondent: Sometimes my husband also writes it.

Interviewer: Suppose you need medicine suddenly then where do you go for buying medicine?

Respondent: You see there have pharmacy I bring from there.

Interviewer: Do you have specific drug shop?

Respondent: No, I bring those where I get.

Interviewer: Ok. And when you have prescription then do you bring medicine from specific drug shop?

Respondent: No, specific means what I have found in front of me I bring medicine from those pharmacies. I have no specific drug shop for buying medicine all the time. When I need whatever the place I bring medicine from there. But I bring medicine from good pharmacy, maybe I don’t bring medicine from bed pharmacy.

Interviewer: Ok ok. Is it this area?

Respondent: From this Tongi.

Interviewer: Tongi is a big area where do you bring?

Respondent: From this Station road.

Interviewer: Ok. For whom you bring medicine for the last time? Please think and say, from these three persons, for whom you need medicine?

Respondent: Last medicine? Have to bring?

Interviewer: No you bring?

Respondent: Now?

Interviewer: No, suppose yesterday or one week ago or two weeks ago or like this?

Respondent: I said before, I have broken my hand, for this hand sometimes means one or two days frequently I had to bought medicines. Day before yesterday he bought my medicine and has to buy tomorrow.

Interviewer: Oh, day before yesterday you bought and have to buy tomorrow.

Respondent: Means we buy medicine according to our capacity (money); we buy medicine for one or two days and sometimes we buy full doges when we have money.

Interviewer: For whom you bought medicine for the last time?

Respondent: Hmm

Interviewer: Who bought those medicines?

Respondent: My husband.

Interviewer: For your hand and you said you have broken your hand?

Respondent: Yes, it broke.

Interviewer: Now how are you?

Respondent: Now doctor said, I need one year for fully recover, now I have pain but not broken area, it is surrounded areas. Doctor also said I’ll feel pain and it would be well within one week. He didn’t give any medicine but said I have to continue what I am taking.

Interviewer: Ok ok. How many days ago it happened?

Respondent: It was maybe one month ago.

--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------20:01

Interviewer: Ok. You said you opened it (bandage) yesterday?

Respondent: Hmm, yesterday it opened.

Interviewer: And for this you had to buy medicine two days ago. How many medicines you bring?

Respondent: I bring medicine for yesterday’s doge and today’s doge I’ll take, like this I will have to buy medicine tomorrow then I’ll take.

Interviewer: Hmm. You husband go to work in the morning then how do you get medicine?

Respondent: In the morning after getting up then getting fresh and having breakfast then he will buy medicine for me. Otherwise, I’ll miss tomorrow morning doge maybe he will bring medicine in the evening if he will free.

Interviewer: Ok. How many types of medicines you get from those pharmacies where you buy medicine?

Respondent: Those are all big drug shops so we get different types of medicine from there. I don’t ask them or what is essential for us we bring those exactly. You know there have many big drug shops.

Interviewer: Hmm hmm

Respondent: They keep all types of medicines but maybe foreign medicines would not found there otherwise I get my all medicines from there.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: I can’t say if they keep medicines for difficult or big illness.

Interviewer: OK. All right. Then who make the decision for buying medicines?

Respondent: We have to buy medicines according to our both opinions. Maybe I have to tell him for buying medicines after finishing my medicines or I have to take this type of medicine then I have to tell him to bring that medicine or sometimes he remained me that your medicines are finished, I have to buy then he bring those.

Interviewer: Ok. Is that means your husband make decision?

Respondent: Yes, sometimes he makes and sometimes I make the decisions. I tell him after finishing my medicines, if you have money bring my medicine. And if he doesn’t have enough money then he told me wait one or two days.

Interviewer: That means the decision is made by your husband?

Respondent: Hmm,

Interviewer: Do you hear the name of antibiotic medicine?

Respondent: Yes.

Interviewer: I want to know, what you know about antibiotic medicine?

Respondent: Antibiotic medicine means it is a strong medicine, means very strong medicine, it is very powerful medicine.

Interviewer: ok, we will call antibiotic medicine is very powerful medicine.

Respondent: Yes.

Interviewer: Besides this do you want to say anything about this powerful medicine? What it would be besides powerful medicine?

Respondent: It is.

Interviewer: OK. I only want to know what you know?

Respondent: Can I have to say normal medicine’s name?

Interviewer: I don’t want to know the name. You said, antibiotic medicine is a powerful medicine. Like this?

Respondent: Yes, I know antibiotic medicine is a very powerful medicine.

Interviewer: Except this, what you know about this antibiotic medicine?

Respondent: I don’t know except this.

Interviewer: Ok. Why we take this? Why doctor gives this?

Respondent: Maybe for getting well, quickly getting well from illness. I don’t understand so much because I didn’t read more.

Interviewer: What you know and sometimes we become ill in our daily life so we take medicines…

Respondent: Hmm, in the past time we see people had sick not open but now we see people are becoming sick in every family.

Interviewer: Yes, like this we all have to take medicines more or less and that’s why we have some perception about medicines. For which types of diseases usually doctor gives antibiotic medicine?

Respondent: I can’t say this. I don’t know for which types of diseases they give this.

Interviewer: You said before powerful medicine, why doctor gives this? For which diseases and in what stages they give this antibiotic?

Respondent: For fever they don’t give this (antibiotic), they give Napa, Ace but I don’t know if they give antibiotic or not.

Interviewer: Ok. Then suppose someone become sick with diarrheal than what types of medicine they give?

Respondent: No, they don’t give (antibiotic) for diarrheal. For this saline water is enough and also give juice or drinking type’s water, like- Chira water (*Chira pani)*.

----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------25:00

Interviewer: I want to know only your perception?

Respondent: Hmm

Interviewer: If antibiotic medicine can’t give for fever or diarrheal then for which disease it will give?

Respondent: I can’t remember clearly, maybe it is given for hard disease.

Interviewer: Ok, in which stages this medicine gives? What you think, maybe you didn’t see but you may see some others?

Respondent: Hmm, I took antibiotic for this hand I mean for pain Rolab (medicine) and…

Interviewer: Rolab?

Respondent: Gave me Rolab, antibiotic and I broke my hand for falling down then I have also wound and for that wound doctor gave me antibiotic.

Interviewer: OK.

Respondent: I have diabetes that’s why gave me antibiotic for drying wound.

Interviewer: Ok. How do you understand that was antibiotic?

Respondent: Doctor said.

Interviewer: Oh

Respondent: My husband also said that was antibiotic. I can’t take empty stomach I had to take after breakfast.

Interviewer: Ok. How many did you take daily?

Respondent: I took those after breakfast and after dinner.

Interviewer: Ok, in the morning and at night after meal.

Respondent: Hmm, after meal.

Interviewer: How many days you took?

Respondent: I took total 14 antibiotics.

Interviewer: Though it was daily two times then it would be 7 days?

Respondent: Hmm, for 7 days.

Interviewer: Can you tell me, how does it work into the body because you also took antibiotic?

Respondent: After taking this medicine I was feeling like headache, blurred eyes and pain inside the head and for my diabetes medicine didn’t suite with my body. I felt pain after taking this medicine then my husband said, you are feeling like this because of this antibiotic and it is a strong and very powerful medicine.

Interviewer: OK. How did it work?

Respondent: It worked gradually but not so quickly, now it dries.

Interviewer: How many days ago it happened?

Respondent: It was then when my hand broke that day; it is almost one month now.

Interviewer: Ok, now one month. Can you tell me do you have to show prescription to the pharmacy for buying antibiotic?

Respondent: Hmm, we bring medicine after showing prescription and without prescription you can’t buy any medicine.

Interviewer: OK

Respondent: If doctor understand the symptoms of disease then if they think patients need antibiotic then if they write that then we buy. And not only me but others also buy medicine after showing prescription.

Interviewer: Oh. Do you have any specific antibiotic which you think that is good for your health and you think doctor should give this antibiotic instead of this. Do you have any preference antibiotic?

Respondent: No. I don’t know what others do but I buy that medicine what doctor gives me.

Interviewer: Ok. You specific preference or suppose do you have specific antibiotic which you are taking many days for specific disease?

Respondent: As I remember, I don’t buy medicine my own or don’t take.

Interviewer: Hmm

Respondent: I also don’t know the name of medicines, what sirs (doctors) write I always buy those.

Interviewer: Ok, that means you don’t have any preference, you always take those what doctor gives you.

----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------30:01

Respondent: Like that.

Interviewer: You took antibiotic for wound in your hand which was almost one month ago, what do you feel after taking those? How much was that price?

Respondent: I don’t know the price because my husband bought those and I said before I felt dizziness, blurred eyes, discomfort and headache.

Interviewer: After taking this what is your feeling? Do you happy?

Respondent: No no, that time I don’t feel good. After taking antibiotic medicine I don’t feel comfortable and feel pain.

Interviewer: That’s why you don’t feel good?

Respondent: Hmm. That’s why I don’t feel good.

Interviewer: Do your wound dried? What you feel for that?

Respondent: It dried, that’s why I feel good because I have diabetes and wound would be creating problem. If Allah do something it would be dangerous.

Interviewer: Hmm

Respondent: that’s why I was in tension. Last one month I didn’t eat any sweet fruits and in diabetes we have to eat fewer amounts of sweet things. Last one month even I didn’t drink milk, didn’t eat jackfruit and mango. For that wound I even didn’t eat fish if it didn’t dry.

Interviewer: What?

Respondent: I don’t believe this superstation but in village women say, after eating fish wound don’t dry quickly.

Interviewer: That’s why…

Respondent: That’s why I even didn’t eat fish at that time.

Interviewer: Ok. You said you don’t know the price of that medicine, Do you have any idea how much it was?

Respondent: He said, we have to spend so much money at that time. I had to take many medicines for my hand and for wound, in total it was 5 to 7 thousand taka he said this. You can’t believe in men’s word because they said different inside and outside of the house (laughing). In recent days you can’t understand boys, as long as you spend domestic life but it is very hard to understand men’s mind. Do you understand?

Interviewer: Hmm hmm

Respondent: They are different inside and outside of the house. And engineers are cleverer, they don’t say truth. They say one word to me and another word to other persons.

Interviewer: Ok, he said to you, you spent 5000 taka.

Respondent: Hmm

Interviewer: Are you well now after taking hand breaking medicines and antibiotic medicines?

Respondent: Now I almost well. Yesterday I opened my bandage and doctor said I’ll have pain in surrounding areas but not broken area. I have to do hot water hit thrice daily and using right hand I have to do work.

Interviewer: Hmm hmm

Respondent: And said that I have to always in move, doing hand exercise then it will be well. But I didn’t hit yet, even I can’t do any work because pain is not decreasing. So that, I took one Rolab by own for this pain if its decrease. Doctor gave Rolab for pain and I took it after breakfast.

Interviewer: Ok, is it antibiotic?

Respondent: No.

Interviewer: It is not antibiotic. Do you have any instruction for taking this for pain?

Respondent: It gave for pain but said that don’t take this medicine continuously, we can’t take continuous 8, 10, 15 or 20 medicines, 8 to 10 medicines can take but not 15 to 20 medicines. We can take after some day’s interval. When you feel pain you can take this medicine after some day’s interval. I took this medicine after 10 days so that I have 5 to 6 medicine. And doctor said I can take some day’s interval if I feel pain. Doctor said, if I have headache I can take this so that I take this sometimes and I saw headache decrease.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: Today I have taken that for hand pain, let’s see what will happen. If pain not decreases then I’ll consult with doctor again. Yesterday I asked doctor but doctor said I don’t have to take any medicine, I only have to do hand exercise then some days later it will be fine.

Interviewer: Do you miss any doges when you bring 2 days or 3 days doges?

Respondent: I don’t miss but maybe one or two days I had missed and it would be one day but not two days. Maybe I don’t take morning doge but I take that in the evening, I missed morning doge more than evening doge.

-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------35:19

Interviewer: OK

Respondent: But this time he bought medicine and in between I missed one morning, when he come back in the evening he bring medicine and I take at night.

Interviewer: Why do you miss it?

Respondent: What he bought one medicine was short that’s why I missed it.

Interviewer: Why don’t you go for buying medicine?

Respondent: I don’t go to pharmacy for buying medicine, it’s very disturbing to go with a child and I don’t go to buy medicine most of the time because my husband buy all the time.

Interviewer: Ok, buying medicine, this matter is for your husband?

Respondent: Man, he knows and understands when we have to buy, and I am a woman, I am not educated enough what I’ll buy, what I’ll tell to shopkeeper so that I don’t go outside.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: You know I am a village girl? I am not a town girl.

Interviewer: Hmm hmm

Respondent: More expert, everything is more I don’t know, now I am living here but I originally I am a village girl, you understand?

Interviewer: Hmm. Do you keep any antibiotic medicine in your house for future use what you didn’t finish?

Respondent: No, I don’t have any antibiotic in my house but I have some what I am taking still now. Doctor said I can take medicine if medicine don’t damage. Doctor gives me Calcium medicine and I have one for today’s night, after taking this I’ll need tomorrow morning.

Interviewer: And for pain medicine?

Respondent: Not for pain I only have Calcium medicine. I asked him do you buy medicine. Then he told, after two days I’ll buy one strip medicine for you.

Interviewer: That means you don’t have any antibiotic medicine in your house?

Respondent: No, now I don’t have any.

Interviewer: Do you know about the expired date of antibiotic medicine? Tell me about this?

Respondent: Yes, yes, we have to buy medicine after looking this date and also before taking medicine we must have to see the date.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: We have to take before date expire that means we have to take between the date and I take medicine exactly.

Interviewer: Ok. Is the date written?

Respondent: Yes, it is written.

Interviewer: Do you see ever that?

Respondent: I never see because my husband brings after looking at date and he is an educated person.

Interviewer: Ok.

Respondent: He gives me medicine in my hand before taking. I don’t have to take by own, he brings medicines in my hand which I have to take; even I don’t open medicines from the strip.

Interviewer: Ok, and your daughter?

Respondent: He and I both give her, when he doesn’t present then I give. I said before I write down the instruction?

Interviewer: Hmm hmm

Respondent: Or heard when I have to give medicine and how many spoons I have to give? For Napa and Ace, I have to boil water then cold that water and finally I mixed with medicine and give that medicine. At first I heard that then I make that accordingly.

Interviewer: What do you think, is it harmful for human body after taking antibiotic medicine?

Respondent: Harmful means if it is not suitable for body, doctor gives me one medicine and I have to take this but the medicine is not suited with my body then I have to consult with doctor again. I have to tell doctor that this medicine is not suited with my body then doctor may changed the medicine, antibiotic medicine have other types, maybe he can give me other companies same medicine.

Interviewer: According to your opinion…

Respondent: For example my antibiotic medicine also not suited with my body because I had dizziness, burled eyes and also headache then I wanted to inform doctor but I didn’t do because I have diabetes and that’s why it was not suite. I suffered some days now I am fine. However, for diabetes I am not feeling well, I have headache, always have fever, feel discomfort if I talk so much, I feel angry and I don’t have balance in talking because I talk several topics in one time. You know I am being like a mad, I saw in the book family should do good behavior with diabetes patients, every necessary things could be in their hand, this type of patients sometimes become a mental patients.

-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------40:25

Interviewer: Do you have any duck or chicken in your house?

Respondent: In my home town my mother-in-law has.

Interviewer: Here?

Respondent: Here I don’t have any, my husband has business we lead our life with that money.

Interviewer: Can you tell me when cow, duck or chicken become ill, do they need antibiotic medicine?

Respondent: I heard cow needs antibiotic but for which disease I don’t know. But I heard cow needs antibiotic medicine.

Interviewer: Ok. You heard cow also need antibiotic but for what disease it is needed you don’t know.

Respondent: Hmm, but I saw in rural areas, when cow gives birth trained veterinary doctor push injection for giving birth and I don’t know if they also give medicine or not.

Interviewer: Can you tell me for what disease they give medicine for cow?

Respondent: No, I can’t tell.

Interviewer: Now we are in last in our discussion, Do you heard about antibiotic resistance?

Respondent: Maybe it is written in somewhere, maybe I heard but what is it or why I don’t know. But maybe it is written on packet.

Interviewer: This antibiotic resistance?

Respondent: Hmm, maybe it is written on medicine packet.

Interviewer: Antimicrobial resistance…

Respondent: or company, sometimes company name also written on the medicine packet, such as- “A” Company or other types of company. It is that or not I don’t know.

Interviewer: When doctor gives you 7 days antibiotic medicine or for your child doctor gives you 7 days or 5 days medicine then if you don’t complete the full course accurately, like- have to take twice daily morning or evening; if you don’t take like that then what will happen?

Respondent: Yes it would be happen something. If don’t complete doctor’s course then disease would not be cure quickly. Besides, this disease may will arise again, maybe patient well for some days but this disease may will arise again. We have to follow the rules and have to complete the full course. But we don’t do that, maybe for our laziness we don’t want to take or maybe don’t go to buy and aging we continue after one day gap.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: But it is not right what we do.

Interviewer: Then you tell if we don’t complete full course then it would be create problem, such as- disease arise again.

Respondent: Or maybe patent would not be cure quickly.

Interviewer: Do you know any other problems?

Respondent: I don’t know what I have to say like this.

Interviewer: where do you here this? How do you know?

Respondent: I heard it from elders again I read it in my classes.

Interviewer: Ok

Respondent: If we don’t complete the full course then the problem would be like this.

Interviewer: Then what have to do to reduce this problem? Or do you have tension for this? Now you are taking medicine and also you give medicine to your child, what do you think if you have any problem like this?

Respondent: Yes I think. If I will sick or my husband will sick or in my family any one will sick or relatives will sick then it is not a good matter and I feel tension. I would be worried about is Allah will be cure or is this medicine will be helpful or is this medicine will be cure me quickly or not, like this.

Interviewer: Then for solving this problem what have to do? Or what you will do?

Respondent: Is this means what we have to do for not suffering with this illness?

Interviewer: Suppose you have illness and doctor gives you 3 days medicine but you don’t complete those and you said if you don’t complete then your sickness would be arise.

Respondent: Yes

Interviewer: What you will do for not arise like this problem? What you will do for solving this problem?

Respondent: For this we have to complete full doge medicine, we have to follow doctor’s rules and elder’s words if we go in hard time.

Interviewer: Ok, then it would be solved.

Respondent: it would be solved or changed.

Interviewer: You said you took 14 medicines in 7 days, do you bought those in ones or not?

Respondent: No, I bought those ones.

Interviewer: Did you miss any medicine during that time?

Respondent: No, I didn’t miss but sometimes I miss this Calcium medicine, it would be one or two days but I didn’t miss any antibiotic.

Interviewer: Are those Calcium medicines nowadays you buy for one or two days?

Respondent: Hmm

Interviewer: That’s all right apa, many many thanks.

Respondent: Thanks too you also.

----------------------------------------------------------------000000000-----------------------------------------------