

# In-situ temperature sensing of SOFC during anode reductions and cell operations using multi-junction thermocouple network

**Manoj Ranaweera, Jung-Sik Kim**

Department of Aeronautical & Automotive Engineering



# Outline

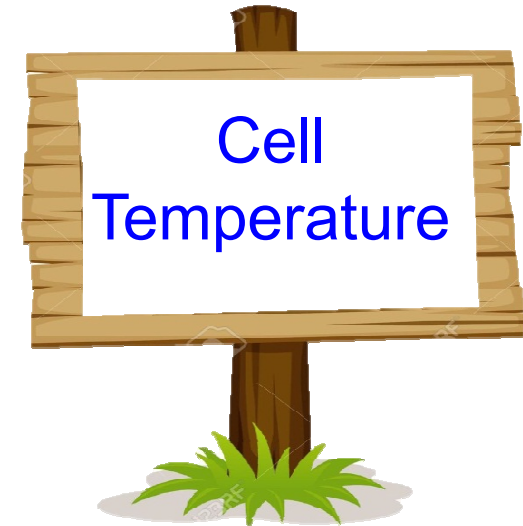
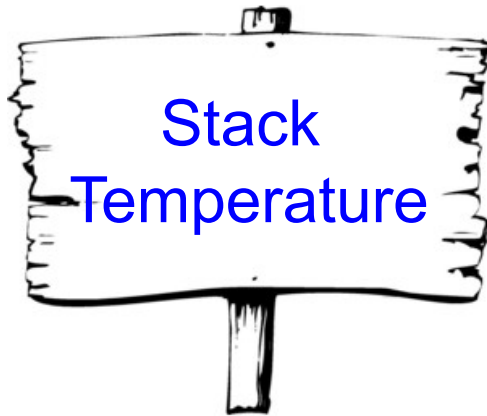
- Research Focus
- Approach
- Sensor development and testing
- Application in SOFC
- Conclusions & Future works

## Research Focus

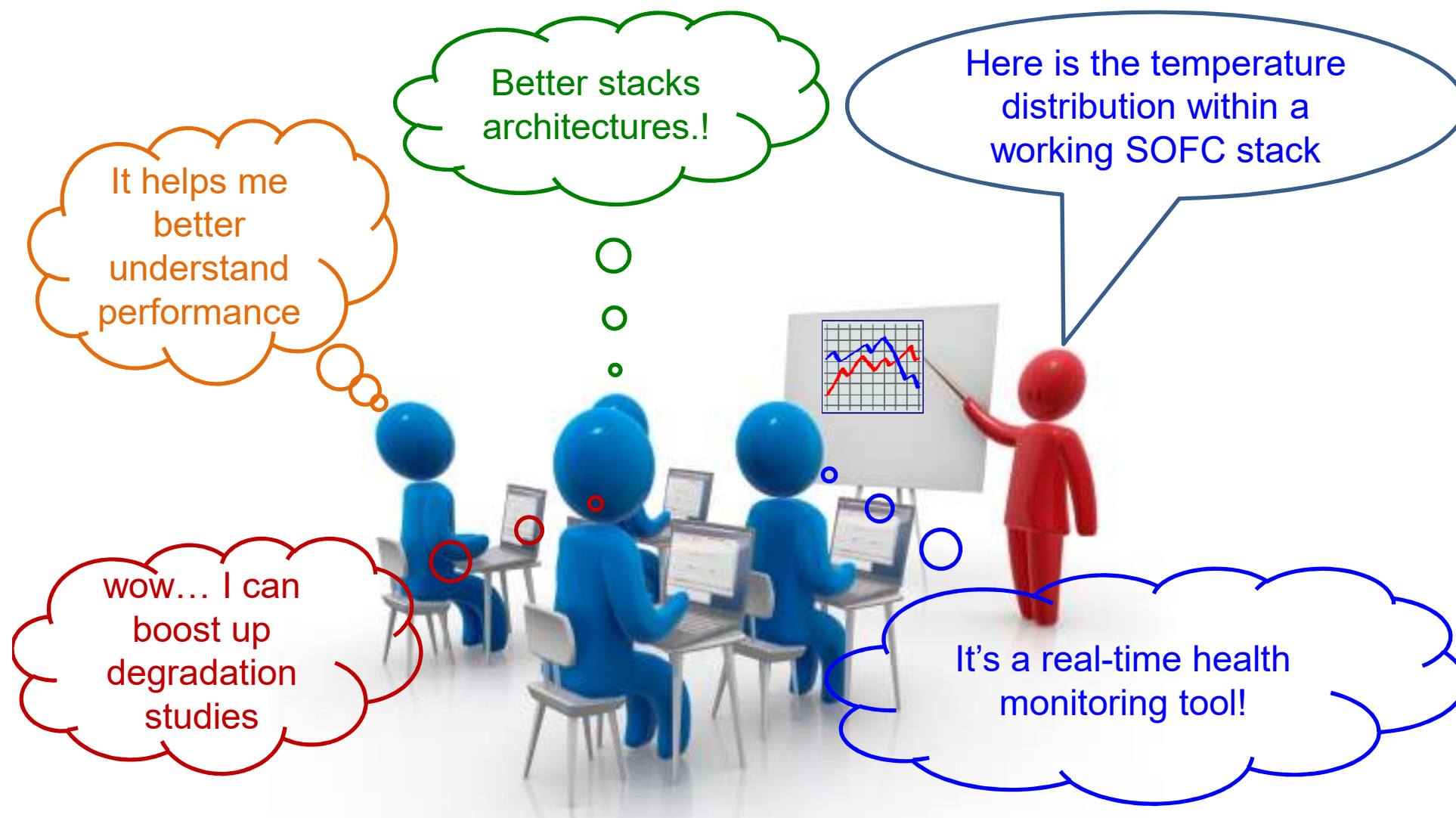
Developing a technology to in-situ monitor the temperature from an operating SOFC stack



# Research Focus

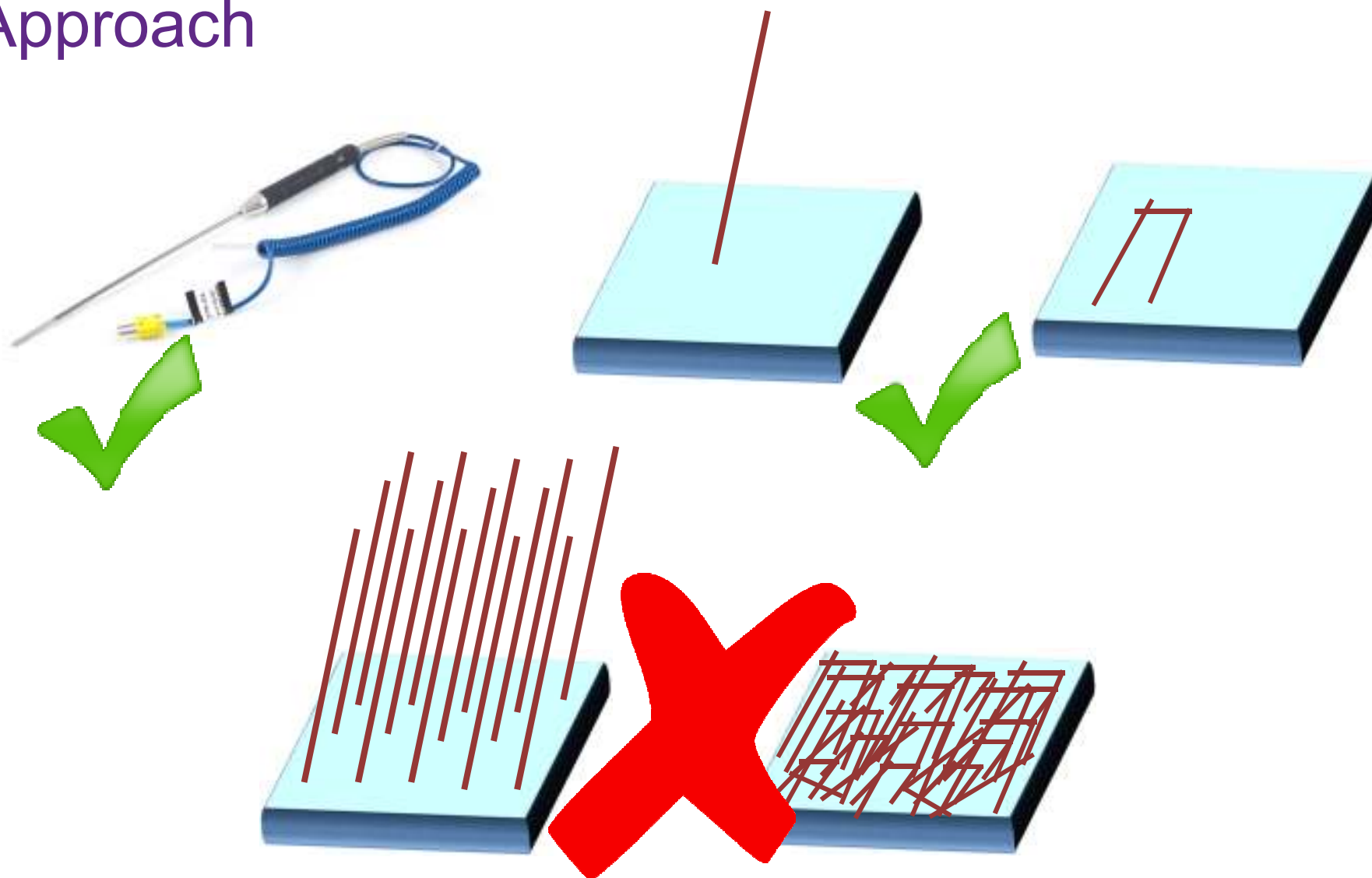


# Introduction & research focus



# Research Approach

# Approach

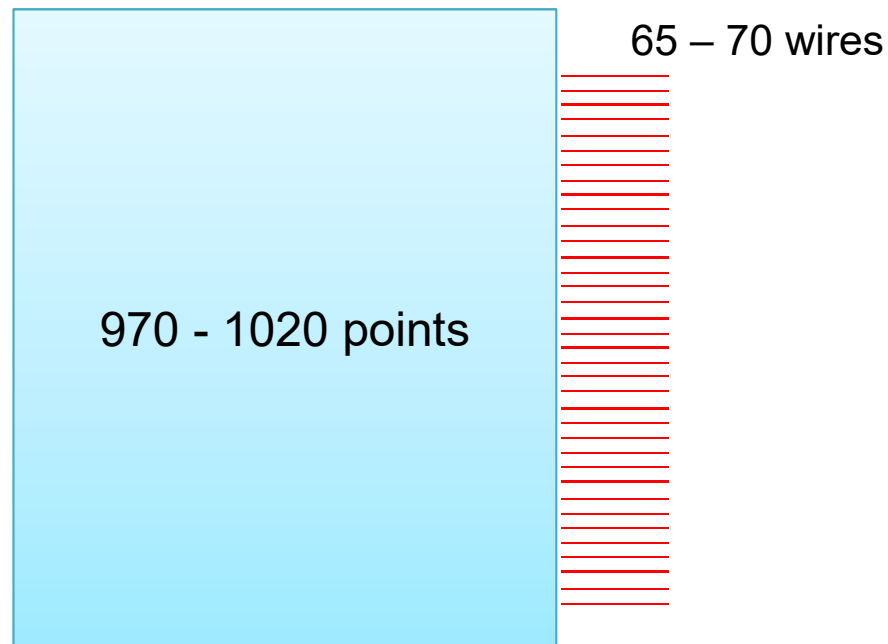


New thermocouple architecture was developed

This requires much less number of thermo-elements

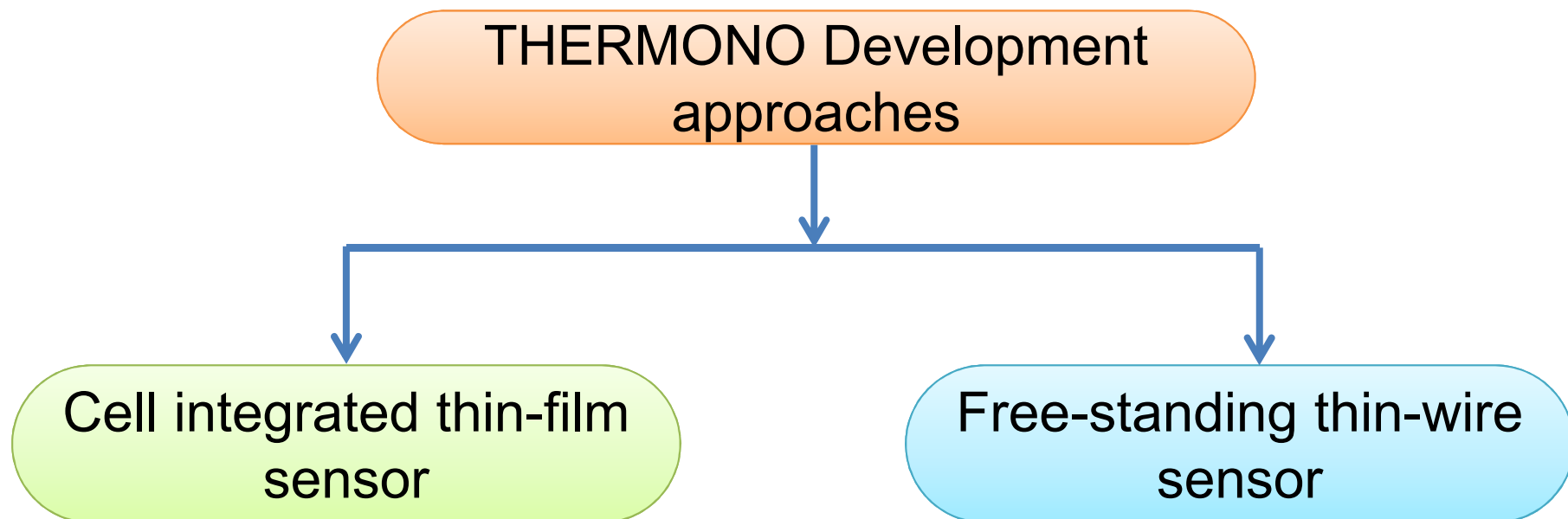


Increases the spatial resolution of measurements





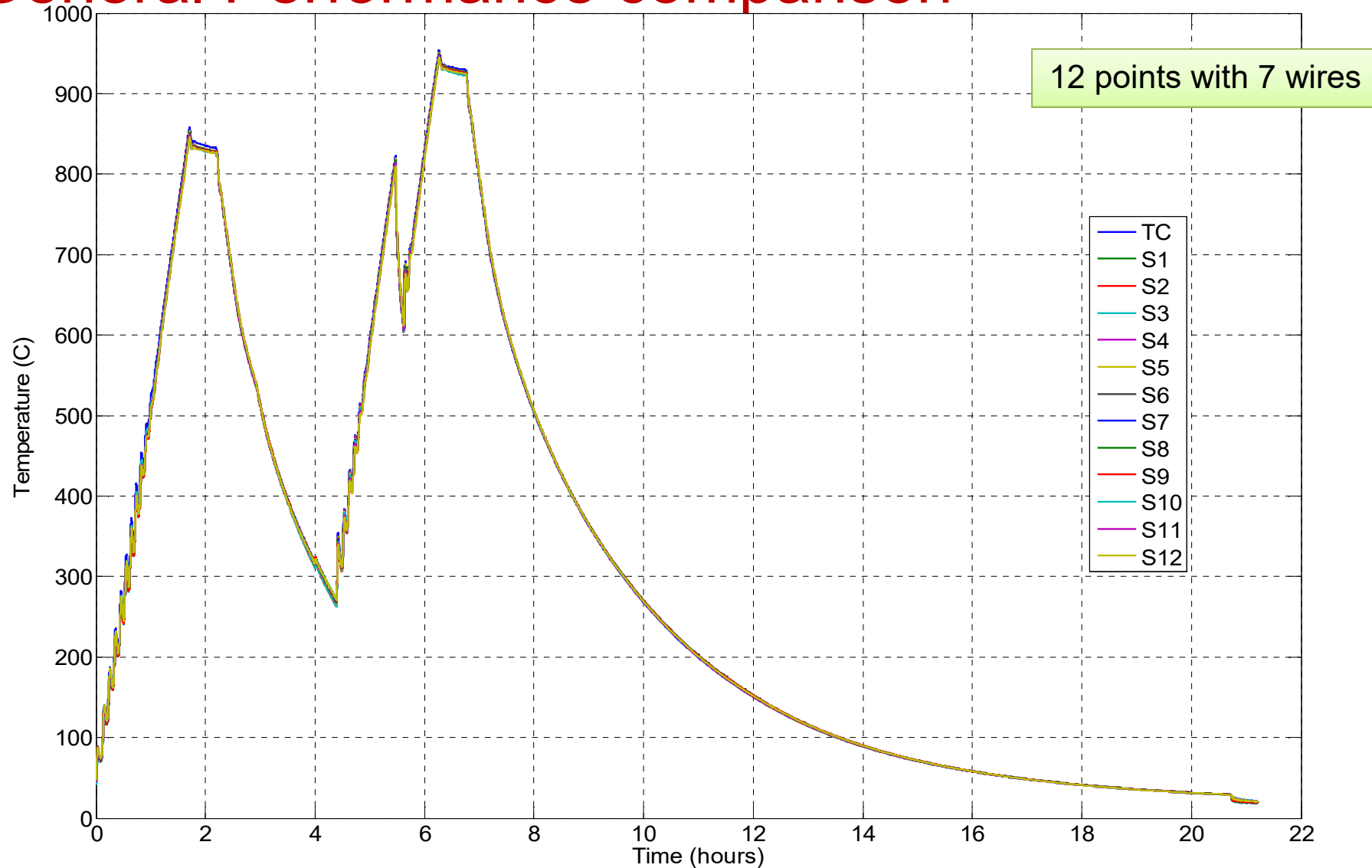
We named this sensor as **THERMONO**



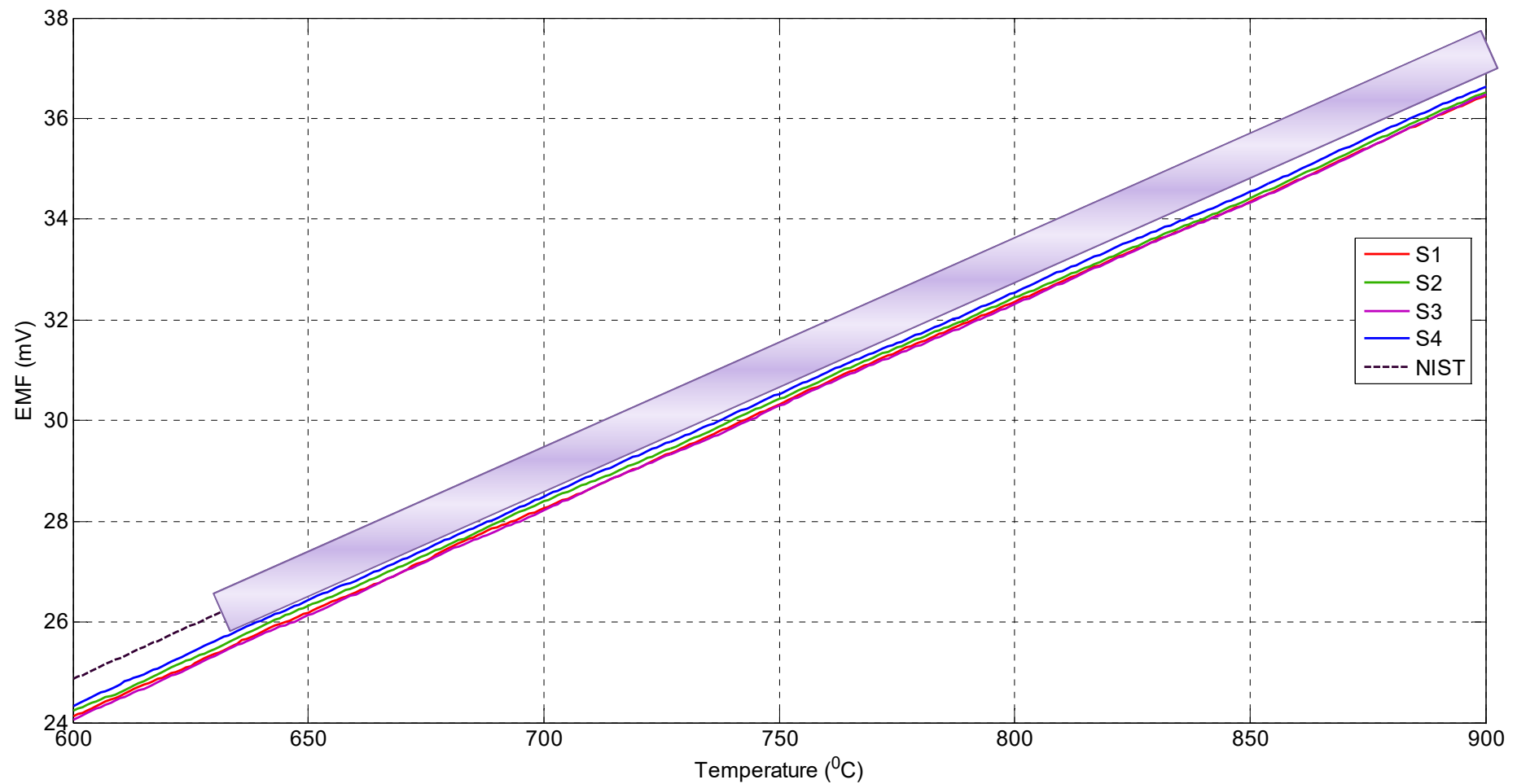
# Sensor development and testing

(tested with Alumel and Chromel wires of  $\Phi 0.5\text{mm}$  and  $\Phi 0.25\text{mm}$ )

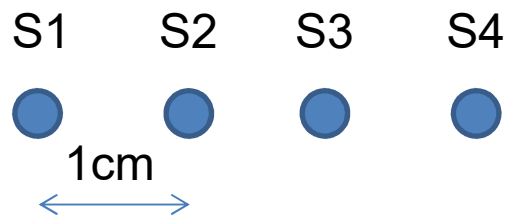
# General Performance comparison



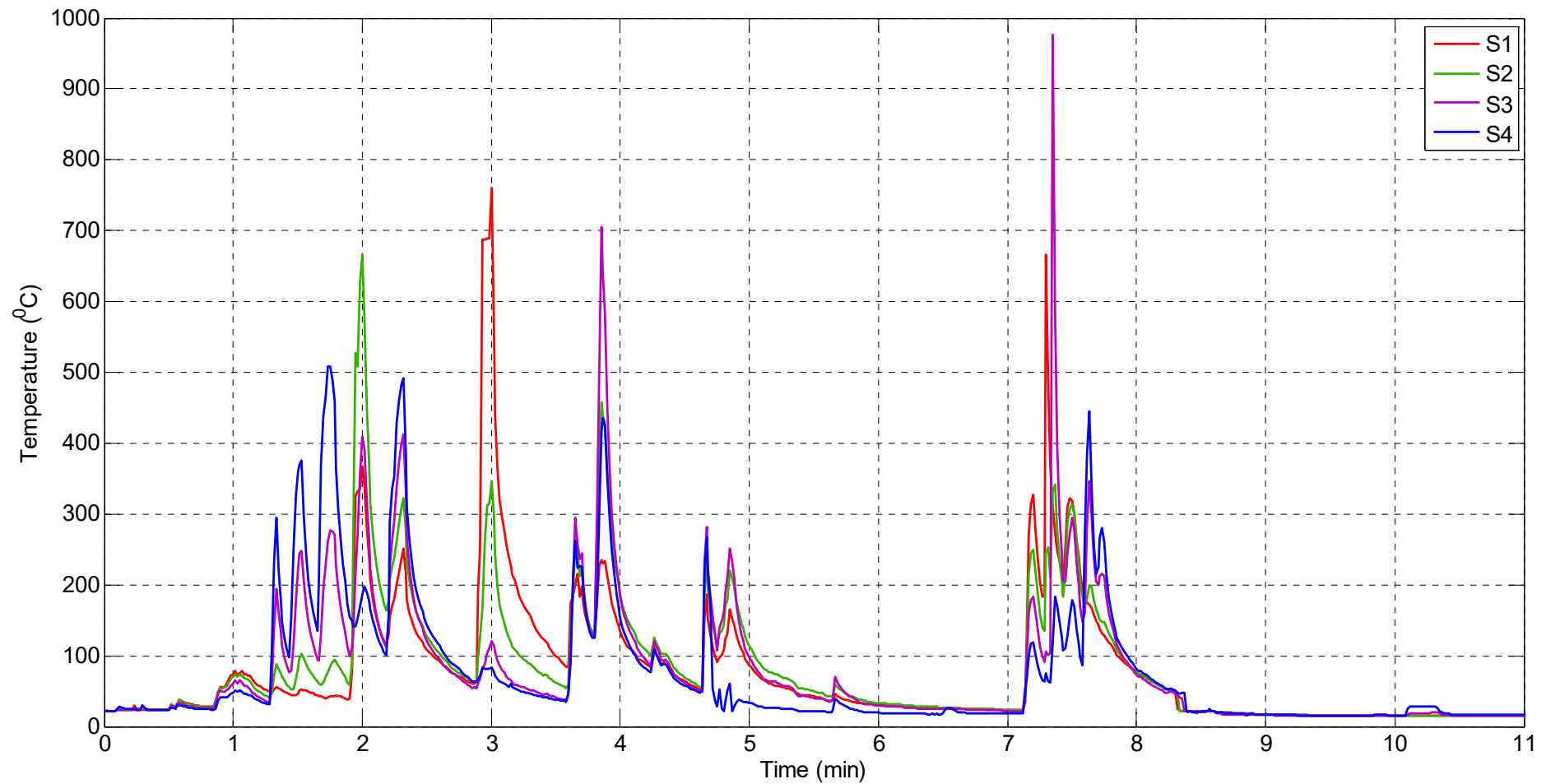
# Comparison with international standards



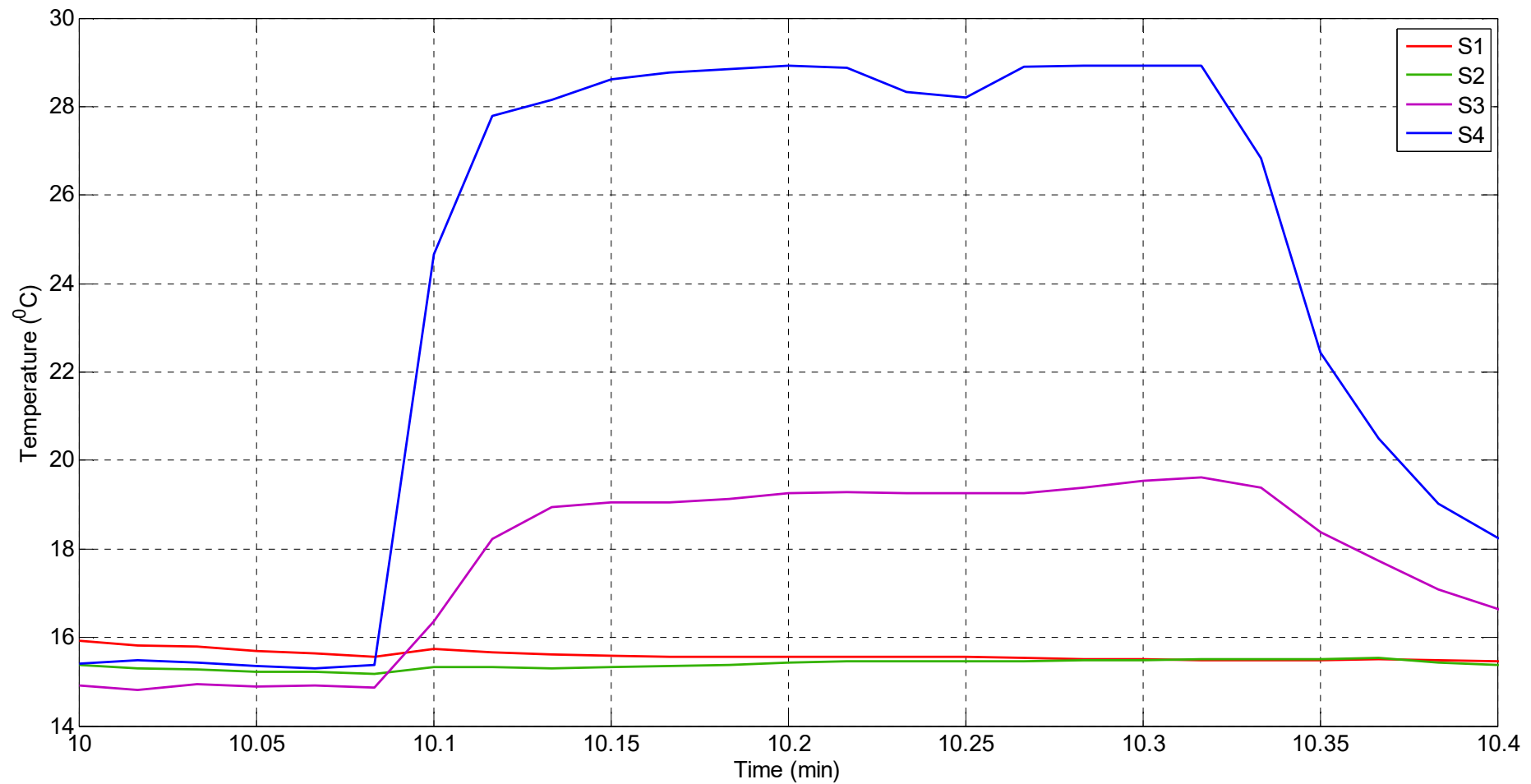
# Resolution of measurements



# Resolution: Large variations



# Resolution: Small variations



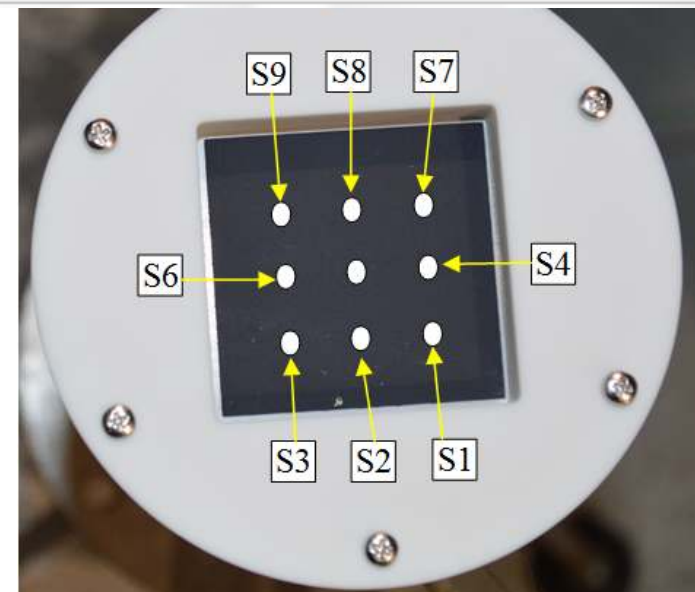
# Application in SOFC



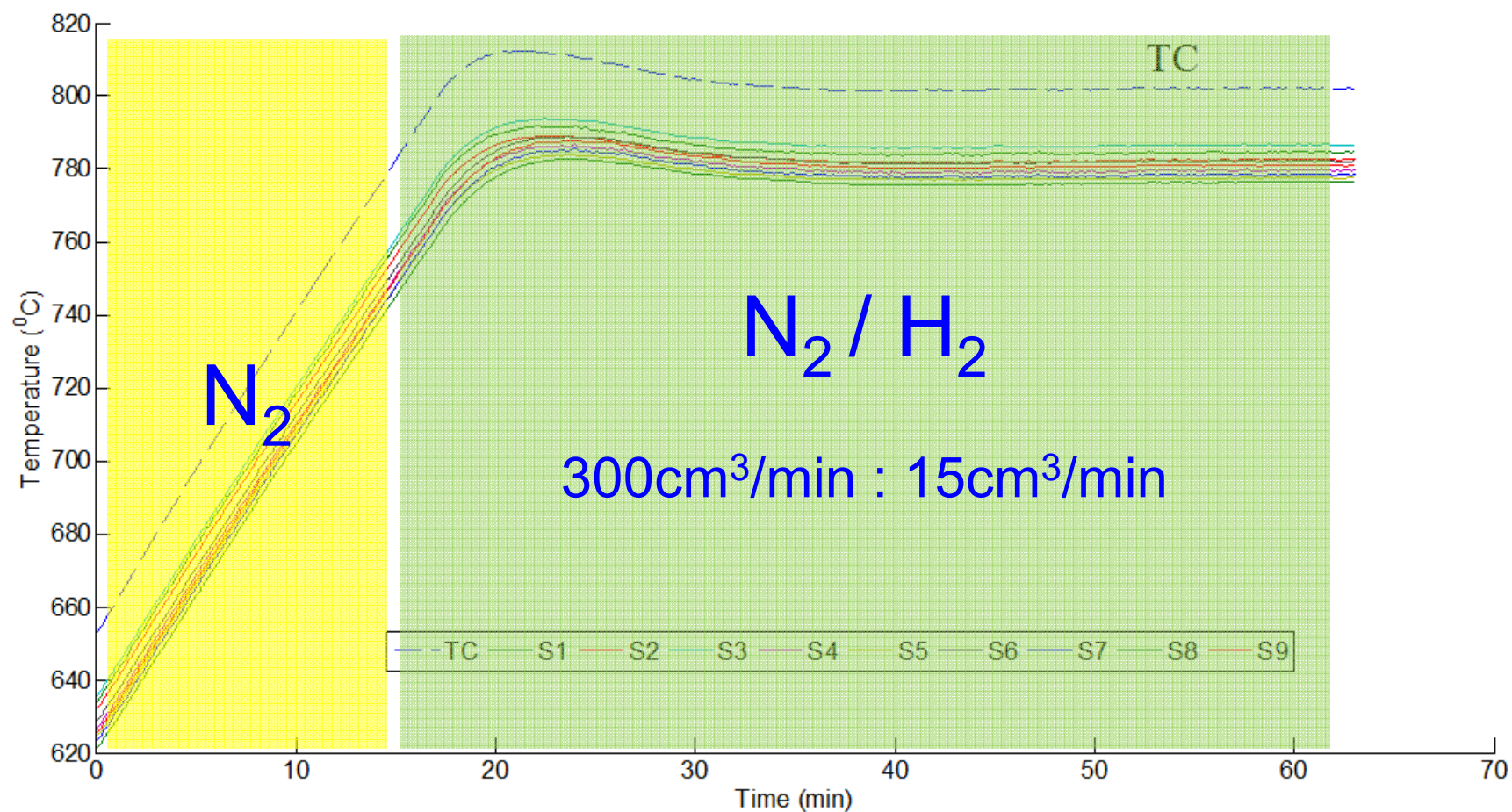
\_\_\_\_\_



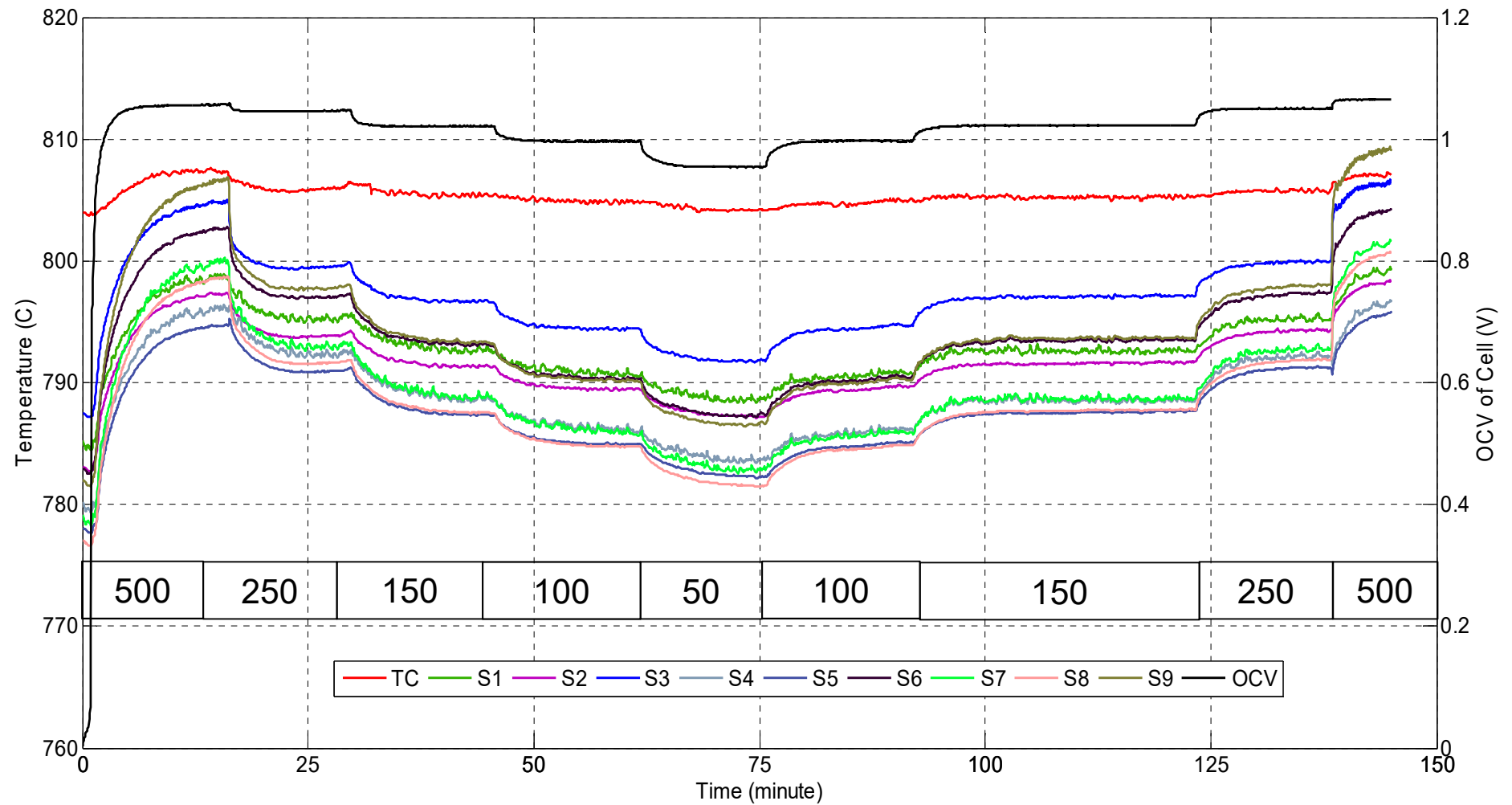
5cm x 5cm NextCell™



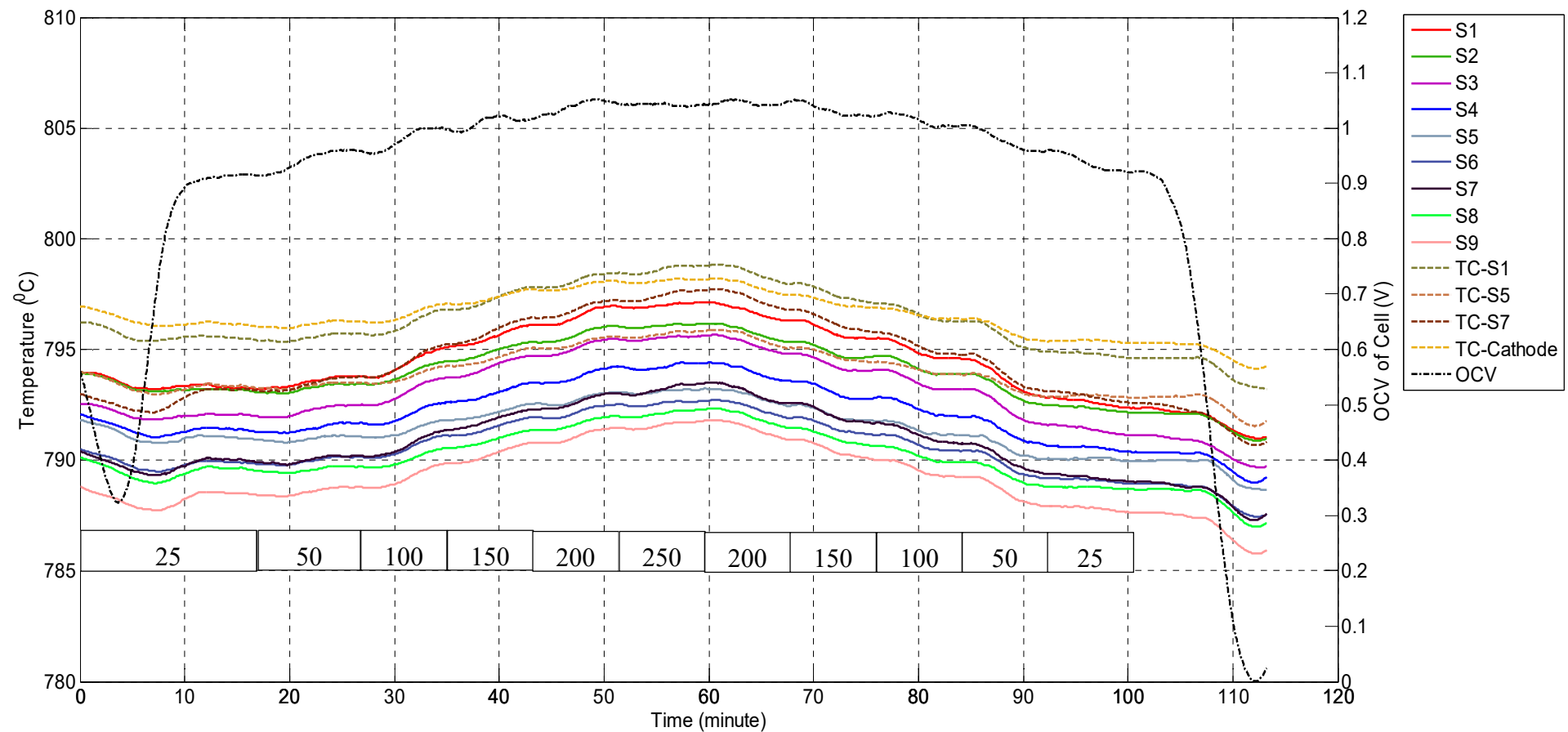
# Anode Reduction



# Cell operation: 1



# Cell operation: 2



## Conclusions

- The THERMONO concept works well
- Surface temperature measurements reveal better details on temperature evolution on cell surface

## Future Works

- Apply THERMONO into short stacks and test under different operating conditions

# EPSRC

Pioneering research  
and skills

## Q / A



# Comparison with NIST standards

