

# Neural correlates of motor performance in target sports: The model of movement-related alpha gating

Germano Gallicchio, Andrew Cooke & Christopher Ring







UNIVERSITYOF

BIRMINGHAM

#### What determines superior performance?





#### Electroencephalography (EEG)

Post-synaptic potentials that are synchronous within **regional** neuronal populations of the **cerebral cortex** 



# What determines superior performance?

#### Alpha

- Dominant rhythm
  \* In the awake adults
- Inhibitory function

#### Hatfield, & OHiBm Kine & BOOL, HSP

Neural efficiency

- Pruning of unnecessary activity.
  Superior performance associated with definied local bractivity vity
- 2. Enhancement of processes functional for task performance



### Gallicchio & Ring (2019, Psychophys)



3

# Gallicchio & Ring (2019, Psychophys)





#### Correlates of performance

- Greater alpha power (less activity) in the occipital area
- Lower alpha power (more activity) in the central area

#### Gallicchio, Cooke, & Ring (2017, SEPP)



- Larger increases / smaller increases of temporal alpha power participants Mediated (partly) the performance change

#### Gallicchio & Ring (2019, Psychophys)



6

- The movement-related 3. The development alpha gating pattern is stronger (partly) improve practice
  - The development of a stronger gate mediates (partly) performance improvement due to

2. A stronger gating correlates with performance

**4. Interfering** with the gating pattern may impair performance



# **Chris Ring** 5 hank Andrew Cooke ⊢

#### Additional reading

- Gallicchio, G., Cooke, A., & Ring, C. (2017). Practice makes efficient: Cortical alpha oscillations are associated with improved golf putting performance. *Sport, Exercise & Performance Psychology, 6*(1), 89-102. https://dx.doi.org/10.1037%2Fspy0000077

- Gallicchio, G., & Ring, C. (2019). Don't look, don't think, just do it! Towards an understanding of alpha gating in a discrete aiming task. *Psychophysiology, 56*(3), e13298. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1111/psyp.13298">https://doi.org/10.1111/psyp.13298</a> germano.gallicchio@gmail.com